

IV Semester B.B.M. Examination, May 2016 (2013-14 and Onwards) (Repeaters) BUSINESS MANAGEMENT Paper – 4.4: Financial Management

Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 100

Instruction: Answers should be written only in English.

SECTION - A

- 1. Answer any eight sub-questions. Each sub-question carries 2 marks. (2×8=16)
 - a) What is financial management?
 - b) What is scrip dividend?
 - c) What is a financial plan?
 - d) What is meant by profit maximisation?
 - e) Mr. A has a irredeemable preference share of ₹ 1,000. He receives an annual dividend of ₹ 80 annually. What will be its value if the required rate of return is 10%?
 - f) What is Trading on Equity?
 - g) What is payback period?
 - h) What is point of indifference?
 - i) Mention any two objects of working capital management.
 - i) What is meant by operating cycle?

SECTION-B

Answer any three questions. Each question carries eight marks.

 $(3 \times 8 = 24)$

- 2. Briefly explain the principles of a financial plan.
- 3. Find out the present value of annuity receipt of ₹ 7,000 received for 5 years at the rate of 12% discount rate.

P.T.O.

4. A firm has a sales of ₹ 75,00,000; variable cost of ₹ 42,00,000 and a fixed cost of ₹ 6,00,000/-. It was a debt of ₹ 45,00,000 at 9% p.a. and equity of ₹ 55,00,000.

Calculate the operating, financial and combined leverage of the firm.

5. A company is requiring a machine which requires an investment of ₹ 1,60,000. The net income before tax and depreciation is estimated as follows:

Years	₹
1	56,000
2	48,000
3	30,000
4	64,000
5	80,000

Depreciation is to be charged on straight line basis. Tax rate is 40%. Calculate Accounting rate of return.

SECTION - C

Answer Question No. 10 and any three of the remaining questions. Each question carries 15 marks. (4×15=60)

- 6. What is permanent and variable working capital? Explain the dangers of excessive working capital and also inadequate working capital.
- 7. Explain the factors influencing the dividend policy.
- 8. Explain the capital Budgeting process.
- 9. ABC company has currently an ordinary share capital of ₹ 25 lakhs, consisting of 25,000 shares of ₹ 100 each. The management is planning to raise another ₹ 20 lakhs to finance a major expansion programme through one of four possible financial plans. The options are :
 - i) Entirely through ordinary shares
 - ii) ₹ 10 lakhs through ordinary shares and ₹ 10 lakhs through long-term borrowings at 8% interest p.a.



iii) ₹ 5 lakhs through ordinary shares and ₹ 15 lakhs through long-term borrowings at 9% interest p.a.

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iv) ₹ 10 lakhs through ordinary shares and ₹ 10 lakhs through preference shares with 5% dividend.

The company's EBIT is ₹ 8 lakhs. Corporate Tax rate is 50%. Determine the earnings per share in each alternative and comment which alternative is the best.

10. A firm whose cost of capital is 10% is considering two projects A and B, the details of which are

Particulars	Project A ₹	Project B ₹
Investment	2,00,000	2,00,000
Cash Inflows		
1	40,000	90,000
2	60,000	80,000
3	80,000	60,000
4	1,00,000	20,000
5	1,20,000	16,000

Compute:

- 1) Net present value at 10%.
- Internal rate of return for Project A by 20% and 25% and Project B by 10% and 15%.

Year	F	Present Value Factors @		
	10%	15%	20%	25%
1	0.909	0.870	0.833	0.800
2	0.826	0.756	0.694	0.640
3	0.751	0.658	0.579	0.512
4	0.683	0.572	0.482	0.410
5	0.621	0.497	0.402	0.328