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**II Semester B.Com. Examination, May 2017  
(CBCS) (Fresh+Repeaters) (2014-15 and Onwards)  
COMMERCE  
Paper – 2.3 : Advanced Financial Accounting**

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 70

***Instruction** : Answers should be **completely** written in  
**English or in Kannada.***

SECTION – A

Answer **any five** questions, **each** correct answer carries **two** marks : **(5×2=10)**

1. a) How do you treat salvaged goods in fire insurance claims ?
- b) Give the meaning and example for non-recurring expenses in consignment accounts.
- c) What is joint venture ?
- d) State any four features of debtor system of accounting.
- e) How do you treat inter-departmental transfers ?
- f) What is cost plus pricing ?
- g) Who is consignee and consignor ?

SECTION – B

Answer **any three** questions, **each** correct answer carries **six** marks : **(3×6=18)**

2. Fire occurred in the premises of an enterprise on 30-9-2016. Stock of the value of ₹ 50,000 was salvaged and the books of accounts were saved.

The following information is given :

	₹
Stock as on 31-3-2015	1,30,000
Purchases during the year ended 31-3-2015	3,50,000

P.T.O.



Sales during the year ended 31-3-2015	5,00,000
Purchases from 1-4-2016 to 30-9-2016	1,20,000
Sales from 1-4-2016 to 30-9-2016	1,80,000
Stock as on 31-3-2016	1,70,000

Stock as on 31-3-2015 was undervalued by ₹ 20,000 where as it was overvalued by ₹ 10,000 on 31-3-2016.

Calculate the amount of insurance claim based on the rate of gross profit on sales.

3. Krishna Murthy of Bengaluru sent a consignment of 2,000 articles to his agent Sri Raghavan of Tumkur at an invoice price of ₹ 20 per article. Railway charges, cartage and insurance amounted to 10% of the total invoice price.

Raghavan sold 1,500 articles at ₹ 30 each and sent an account sales enclosing a bank draft for the balance after deducting i) his advance of ₹ 5,000, ii) his expenses ₹ 500 and iii) his commission at 10% on gross sales. 100 articles were lost in transit and the insurance company admitted the claim for ₹ 1,100.

Show the Consignment Account and Consignee's Account in the books of the Consignor.

4. Praveen and Karthik were partners in a joint venture sharing profits and losses equally. Praveen supplied goods to the value of ₹ 20,000 and incurred expenses amounted to ₹ 1,600. Karthik supplied goods to the value of ₹ 16,000 and his expenses amounted to ₹ 1,600. Karthik sold the entire goods on behalf of the joint venture and realized ₹ 48,000. Karthik was entitled to a commission of 5% on sales. Praveen settled his account by bank draft.

Show the Ledger Accounts in the books of Praveen and Karthik under Memorandum Joint Venture method.



5. The following particulars are relating to Bengaluru branch for the year ended 31-12-2016. Prepare Branch Account in the books of Head Office.

	₹
Stock at the branch on 1-1-2016	30,000
Debtors at the branch on 1-1-2016	60,000
Petty cash at the branch on 1-1-2016	600
Goods sent to branch during 2016	5,04,000
Cash sales 2016	1,20,000
Received from debtors 2016	4,20,000
Credit sales during 2016	4,56,000
Cheques sent to branch during 2016 :	
For salaries	18,000
For rent and rates	3,000
For petty cash	<u>2,200</u>
	23,200
Stock at the branch on 31-12-2016	50,000
Petty cash 31-12-2016	400
Goods returned by the branch	4,000
Debtors on 31-12-2016	96,000

6. With the help of information given below, ascertain the purchases of each department

Dept.	No. of units purchased	
A	1,000 units	} at a total cost of ₹ 1,00,000
B	2,000 units	
C	2,400 units	



freight was ₹ 1,50,000 the invoice price of which was ₹ 2,25,000. Sales by Swamy by 30<sup>th</sup> June 2016 amounted to ₹ 2,05,000. Goods unsold on 30<sup>th</sup> June 2016 with Swamy were of invoice price ₹ 67,500 (Cost including freight ₹ 45,000). On 30<sup>th</sup> June 2016 Madan had received from Swamy by the bank draft ₹ 49,750, certain remittances being in transit on 30<sup>th</sup> June 2016.

Show the Ledger A/c's in the books of Madan recording the above transactions.

9. Das and Boss entered into a joint venture sharing profits and losses as 3:2. They opened a bank a/c by depositing ₹ 40,000 each. Das purchased 800 kg. of an item @ 60 per kg. and his expenses were ₹ 13,000. Boss purchased a second item of 10,000 kg. @ 2.10 per kg. and his expenses were ₹ 11,000. Expenses were met from private sources and purchases were paid from bank account. Boss sold 600 kg. of the first item @ 100 per kg. and his selling expenses were ₹ 5,500. Das sold ₹ 8,000 kg. of second item at ₹ 5 per kg and his selling expenses were ₹ 6,000. All the sale proceeds were deposited in bank account and expenses were met from private sources.

Write up necessary accounts in the books of the joint venture.

10. From the following particulars, prepare Branch Account in the books of H.O.

	₹
Stock on hand at Branch 1-4-2016	10,000
Debtors at Branch 1-4-2016	4,000
Petty cash at Branch 1-4-2016	500
Furniture at Branch 1-4-2016	2,000
Prepaid Insurance 1-4-2016	150
Outstanding salary 1-4-2016	100
Goods sent to branch	80,000

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Cash sales by branch		1,30,000
Credit sales by the branch		40,000
Amount collected by branch		35,000
Amount received by the H.O. directly from the branch debtors		2,000
Discount allowed to branch debtors		100
Cash sent to branch for expenses :		
Rent	2,000	
Salaries	2,400	
Petty cash	1,000	
Insurance premium	600	6,000
(Paid up to 30 <sup>th</sup> June, 2017 at the rate of 600 p.a.)		
Goods returned to H.O. from branch		1,000
Goods returned to branch by debtors		2,000
Stock on hand at branch 31-3-2017		5,000
Petty expenses at branch		850
Depreciation on branch furniture is 10% p.a.		

11. From the following particulars prepare Trading and Profit and Loss Account in the books a trader and also prepare Balance Sheet.

Particulars	Dept. A	Dept. B	Total
Stock on 1-4-2016	17,400	14,700	
Purchases	35,000	30,000	
Sales	60,000	40,000	
Wages	8,200	2,700	
Rent, Taxes and Insurance			9,390
Sundry expenses			3,600
Salaries			3,000

1. The following are the balances of the accounts of the two departments on 31-3-2017:

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Lighting and heating	2,100
Discount allowed	2,220
Discount received	650
Advertisement	3,680
Carriage inwards	2,340
Furniture	3,000
Plant and machinery	21,000
Sundry debtors	6,060
Sundry creditors	30,650
Capital	47,660
Drawings	4,500
Cash	10,070

**Additional information :**

- Internal transfer of goods from Department A to Department B at a cost price of ₹ 420.
- Rent, taxes and insurance, sundry expenses, Lighting and heating, Salaries and carriage inwards to be distributed in the ratio of 2/3 & 1/3 in A and B.
- Advertising to be apportioned equally.
- Discount allowed and received to be apportioned as per sales and purchases ignoring transfers.
- Depreciation @ 10% p.a. on Furniture and Plant and Machinery to be charged : to A department and to B department in the ratio of 3 : 1.
- Services rendered by B Department to A Department included in the wages of B department ₹ 500.
- Stock on 31-3-2017 were department A ₹ 16,740, department B ₹ 12,050.